

Petition

**Stop the prohibition and destruction of non-native plants,
stops the spread of misinformation,
for a cosmopolitan garden culture and free science!**

Created by Sven Gusovius



[https://www.change.org/Insektenstudie Gusovius](https://www.change.org/Insektenstudie_Gusovius)



**Stop the prohibition and destruction of non-native plants,
stops the spread of misinformation,
for a cosmopolitan garden culture and free science.**

What exactly is it about?

Non-native plants are said to be responsible for insect mortality.

They are blamed for insect mortality, as native insects would have adapted exclusively to native plants as a food source and habitat in the course of evolution. A German wild bee would need a German flower and German pollen. A German butterfly would only need German plants as a food plant for its caterpillar stage.

Therefore, non-native plants are to be banned and eliminated.

Non-native means that the plants were brought to Germany by humans after 1492, the discovery of America, i.e. within the last 530 years.

In many development plans, non-native plants are already prohibited. The Association of German Cities, nature conservation associations and scientists are calling for a comprehensive ban on non-native plants.

A garden culture that has grown over centuries is in danger of being extinguished. In Germany alone, around 17 million private gardens, more than 60,000 industrial parks and all public green spaces are affected.

In the appendix of the petition you will find quotes that show what falsehoods are being spread and how these falsehoods affect laws and regulations:

Link Appendix Quotes:

https://www.german-ecocide.de/files/Petition_Appendix.pdf

The following photo gallery shows non-native plants in combination with quotes:

<https://www.german-ecocide.de/Galerie.html>

Gusovius insect study shows: Massive untruths are being spread

For more than six years, I, Sven Gusovius, together with my twin brother Eric Gusovius, have conducted an extensive and unique insect study in their own garden. Hundreds of thousands of recordings were made.

The insects were mostly observed and photographed / filmed several times a day at different times of the day and night, usually for hours. Thousands of hours of work went into the project.

The population of insects was recorded over all seasons.

Result of the study:

The "Gusovius Insect Study" clearly shows that non-native plants are not ecologically unworthy of life, but mostly hotspots of biodiversity.

The "Gusovius Insect Study" provides crucial clues to the main cause of insect mortality.

The observations made are more than worrying.

A film has been created that compares the results of the insect study with the widespread falsehoods and the botanical xenophobia associated with them.

Link to the film "Insect Study Gusovius":

<https://www.youtube.com/@SvenGusovius>

Receivables

We demand:

- that the **spreading of falsehoods** about non-native plants is stopped.
- that laws and regulations **based on falsehoods** are withdrawn.
- that **privacy** in one's own garden is preserved as the highest protection good.
- **Educational measures** that show people the value of non-native plants and overcome the botanical xenophobia that has been imprinted in society for a long time.
- **Counter-statements** in the media, by nature conservation associations and science.

The misinformation spread must be compensated for to the same extent as it has been disseminated.

- that the **curricula and teaching materials** at day-care centres, schools and universities are checked under the aspect of misrepresentation of the ecological value of non-native plants and, if necessary, corrected accordingly.
- a neutral, **fact-based science** that is not driven by ideologies.

Workup

Recently, there have been many activities in the field of coming to terms with the colonial past and National Socialism. So far, it has been ignored that German nature conservation also has its roots in the Third Reich. A corresponding reappraisal under the aspect of whether thought patterns from this period are the cause of the current botanical xenophobia would be welcome.

The world will look to Europe and especially to Germany!

Other aspects:

Politicians have a duty

I believe that all politicians who have taken an oath have a duty to ensure that no falsehoods are spread about non-native plants. The measures taken against non-native plants must be stopped and reversed.

We have done the scientific groundwork, the facts are documented.
Politicians can get a comprehensive picture of the injustice.

What is happening now is a danger to democracy.

Falsehoods influence legislation. The freedom of all of us is threatened when laws and regulations are enacted on the basis of false information.

We must not allow botanical xenophobia to spread like a dark cloth over the country. Children are indoctrinated with an ideology and large sums of public money are misused to spread and implement ecocide.

Protection of culture by the United Nations

A garden culture that has grown over centuries is in danger of being extinguished. Quote from the "Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions" UN General Conference in Paris in 2005:

'Recognising the need to take measures to protect the diversity of cultural expressions, including their content, in particular in situations where cultural expressions are likely to be at risk of extinction or serious harm;'

A cosmopolitan garden culture can unite peoples.

However, it is not only about preserving **cultural diversity**, it is also about academic **freedom, media literacy** and, ultimately, the **preservation of democracy** in a united Europe.

Dear representatives of the citizens of Europe in the European Parliament,
Representatives of citizens at national level,
it is up to you whether we will live in a free Europe with free science or in a Europe of misinformation and the destruction of a diverse garden culture.
Please take the time to watch the film "Insect Study Gusovius".
If you have seen the injustice, you will surely consider this petition appropriate.
The preservation of **cultural diversity** and the promotion of **fact-based science** need support.

Biodiversity lawsuits

It is foreseeable that biodiversity lawsuits will advance ecocide, the prohibition and destruction of non-native plants.

In the foreseeable future, scientists spreading falsehoods will probably "legitimize" restrictions on the fundamental rights of millions of garden owners.

Reduction of "enforcement deficits"

A demand of the nature conservation association NABU:

"Public land maintenance and private house and garden design must be mandatory ... be implemented in a way that is close to nature. Enforcement deficiencies in this regard must be reduced and sanctions adjusted accordingly."

Violations can result in heavy fines.

In addition to "classic" garden inspections, new methods are being tested, such as flying over gardens with drones. There is a threat of absolute surveillance and loss of privacy.

Scientific discourse is at risk

It is often said "follow the science" or "science is settled", the scientific discourse is made more difficult, if not even prevented. Anyone who questions the statements of scientists is in danger of being accused of science denial. Scientists spread falsehoods about the ecological value of non-native plants.

Botanical xenophobia

Botanical xenophobia, elevated to the status of science, is imprinted in the minds of people and especially children. There is a call for the expansion of relevant training measures.

Placeholder Role

To a certain extent, the non-native plants only take on a kind of placeholder role. It can be any "elements of our society" that are blamed and must therefore be removed from our society.

Ecocide is an example of how untruths are imprinted in society and what role non-governmental organisations, political parties, the media, "science", public broadcasting, the church, ministries and the EU play in this.

Take a look at ecocide and see for yourself how untruths affect our society and legislation.

Appendix to the petition

"Stop the prohibition and destruction of non-native plants, for a cosmopolitan garden culture and free science"

The following quotes show how botanical xenophobia and falsehoods are imprinted in society.

The falsehoods lead to a stigmatization of owners of non-native plants:

They are blamed for insect mortality.

They face heavy fines if they violate the ban on planting non-native plants.

Many development plans already prohibit non-native plants. The Association of German Cities, nature conservation associations and scientists are calling for a comprehensive ban on non-native plants.

Compliance with the ban on non-native plants is to be checked by means of controls.

A garden culture that has grown over centuries is in danger of being extinguished.

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Media Quotes

Quotes from the media:

"Throwing exotic plants out of the gardens"

"Criticism of trendy plants: bamboo, forsythia & Co. should be banned"

"That's why you should remove plants like cherry laurel and bamboo from the garden as soon as possible"

"Cherry laurel or bamboo in the garden? Why an expert warns against it"

"Bamboo, cherry laurel and geraniums: better banish them from the garden"

"PROFESSIONALS WARN: Why you should urgently remove plants such as bamboo or cherry laurel from your garden"

"CRIMES AGAINST NATURE: POISON FOR YOUR GARDEN, WHY BAMBOO AND CHERRY LAUREL SHOULD BE BANNED"

"Bushes such as the widespread cherry laurel or exotic grasses and bamboo drive animals out of the garden – neither insects nor birds can find food on such plants. "

"The Plague in the Neighbor's Garden"

"Environmentally harmful plants that are better avoided"

""Everybody clears!" Conservationists want to ban thuja, rhododendron and cherry laurel from gardens"

Nature Conservation Associations Quotes 1

Quotes from nature conservation associations:

NABU:

However, NABU warns of the "highly toxic, ecological plague" that this shrub represents for nature. "Anyone who plants cherry laurel hedges is committing a crime against nature, even a concrete wall is ecologically more valuable ..."

"Xenophobia is allowed to reign in the bird kingdom of the garden. Practically, the songbird likes ... neither dead thuja, nor sterile cherry laurel. Native birds as well as their food, native insects - depend on native plants."

(responsible: a Green politician who is a member of NABU's Federal Committee on Settlement Development)

"Cherry laurel, thuja, bamboo are strongly represented ... These plants do not provide any basis for life for our native wildlife and are therefore completely worthless - green concrete."

Nature Conservation Associations Quotes 2

Naturgarten e.V.:

"Cherry laurel, thuja and forsythia do not provide food for animals living here."

LBV:

"Whether spruce, privet, thuja or, more recently, cherry laurel hedges – they are all de facto monocultures with no ecological value."

BUND:

"Exotic plants... on the other hand, they offer them hardly any food, and the local wildlife does not benefit from cherry laurel, thuja or bamboo."

"Deutschland summt" ("Germany is buzzing"):

"Stay away from exotic plants! ... Forsythia could be made of plastic, that's how worthless they are to our nature."

Article about the founder of "Deutschland summt":

"The ... Biologist explains... the difference between wild bees and honey bees and why bamboo and thuja hedges mean their death in case of doubt."

Nature Conservation Associations Summary 1

NABU calls for the establishment of environmental prosecutors' offices in the federal states and an obligation to report to the nature conservation authorities for all official processes in which species protection could be affected.

Another demand of NABU:

"Public land maintenance and private house and garden design must be mandatory ... be implemented in a way that is close to nature. Enforcement deficiencies in this regard must be reduced and sanctions adjusted accordingly."

This means the end of non-native plants and the extinction of a garden culture that has grown over centuries.

Science Quotes 1

Quotes from science:

Leading entomologist and chairman of the Competence Centre for Biodiversity:

"Thuja plants, cherry laurel and other foreign species ... are ecologically completely worthless for native insects."

"The popular cherry laurel or thuja hedges may provide privacy for humans – but they are almost as interesting for nature as a plastic palm tree."

"And another psychopath garden! You might as well plant a plastic hedge there, it doesn't do anything to live in."

Spektrum.de:

"Exotic ornamental trees also find many enthusiasts, but also offer neither habitat nor food to native animals."

Science Quotes 2

"But action must be taken now.

... (the scientist) is of the opinion that our native animals have nothing to do with thuja, cherry laurel and co. They offer neither food nor nesting sites."

"Non-native plants should be removed..." (not "just" exotic!)

"Exotic plants may look good, but they are useless for our native species."

... (the scientist) advised never to plant cherry laurel because it produces toxic prussic acid: "A concrete wall makes even more sense, because at least mosses will grow on it at some point."

Wikipedia:

"For native insects, laurel cherries are largely worthless due to their toxicity."

Lecture Scientists 4 Future: "Plant only native plant species, because non-native plant species do not help insects!"

Senckenberg Society: "Science must become loud and political! So that the facts are finally heard..."

Science Quotes 3

Under the patronage of Prime Minister Wilfried Kretschmann (Alliance 90/The Greens), an international insect protection symposium took place at the Stuttgart Museum of Natural History.

An action plan has been formulated.

NINE-POINT PLAN AGAINST INSECT MORTALITY – THE PERSPECTIVE OF SCIENCE

Quote from the website of the Bavarian Academy for Nature Conservation and Landscape Conservation (ANL):

"At the first international insect protection symposium at the Natural History Museum Stuttgart on 19.10.2018, the reasons for this development were discussed on the basis of the latest research results. The aim of the conference, at which scientists from all over Europe met with practitioners from politics, business and nature conservation, was to develop proposals for solutions and instructions for action for policymakers."

Quotes from the Nine-Point Plan:

"Insect-friendly management concepts should be implemented immediately in public green spaces. These should also be extended to the commercial and residential sectors.

When planting, especially in cities and municipalities, native, ideally nectar-rich plants should be consistently used instead of exotic plants (e.g. forsythia, thuja and cherry laurel)."

Public relations

"In order to initiate a long-term rethink among the general population, we need to start with the youngest. Targeted training of teachers and educators could, for example, be a way to bring the topic more strongly into schools ..."

Alliance 90/The Greens Quotes 1

"Exotic ornamental trees provide neither habitat nor food for native animals."

Application for the enactment of a statute "Native woody plants in enclosures":

"Thuja hedges and cherry laurel, for example, are not native woods, they do not favor flora or fauna here, nor do they offer animals the opportunity to nest like other native hedge species do."

The Green parliamentary group submitted a motion to instruct the administration to use only native, non-overbred plant species in all greening measures in the city area with immediate effect.

"The best example is the cherry laurel hedge, which is extremely common, especially in new developments.

A plant with ecological value just above concrete."

"Native woody plants and perennials: Our fauna is highly adapted to the plants native to this area, ornamental plants such as thuja and cherry laurel are almost worthless to them."

"What is the Senate doing to replace plants that are useless or even harmful to the insect population, which is declining nationwide?"

Alliance 90/The Greens Quotes 2

"In addition, popular exotic plants such as cherry laurel, thuja, forsythia and bamboo, as well as most ornamental roses, unfortunately have little value for our native birds and pollinators."

"A good example of this is the popular, but not native, summer lilac (butterfly bush). Although it is a sought-after source of nectar for adult moths, it is completely worthless as a food plant for caterpillars. Without caterpillars, on the other hand, and other birds have no food. In particular, the popular fast-growing cherry laurel is about as useful to our native wildlife as a plastic plant."

"Front gardens are to be completely greened with native vegetation ..."

"Municipal areas should be designed exclusively with native early bloomers, perennials, woody plants and trees."

Broadcasting Quotes

The public service broadcaster (ÖRR: ARD, ZDF, ...)

Citations:

NDR: "Not all gardens offer an attractive habitat for bees, butterflies and other insects. This is because many flowers and shrubs are not native plants - such as rhododendron, cherry laurel or bamboo."

ARD, [W] as in Knowledge: "... Conifers, Thuja or evergreen deciduous trees such as the cherry laurel.

These are all plants that insects can't do anything with..."

MDR: "For animals, a Thuja hedge has as much to offer as a green plastic fence."

"In a season-free garden, an insect can no longer find anything."

BR: "Plants such as cherry laurel, thuja, ... or forsythia produce oxygen, bind carbon dioxide ... They provide insects ... but no food ...",
"Controversial fashionable plants in the garden: bamboo and co. should be removed"

SWR: "Cherry laurel, forsythia, false hazel – all shrubs worthless to the animal world!"

HR: "Despite their eye-catching flowers, rhododendron, cherry laurel or forsythia do not provide nectar for bees."

Education: Influencer R., Quotes

The influencer R. is very successful on Instagram with his posts „Pflanzen, die ich hasse“ ("Plants I hate").

Geo-Podcast "Peter and the Forest": Influencer R. – I am "Manager of Nature", geo.de and RTL+

Introduction to the podcast:

Today we go – at least in terms of content – to the garden, with "Plantfluencer" R.. R.'s humorous video posts from his Berlin natural garden inspire a growing community on social media. When he shares his enormous knowledge of plants, insects and biodiversity, he does so with passion and self-irony. From time to time he also talks clearly about things he doesn't like at all, for example forsythia and thuja hedges. He talks to Peter about what he wants to achieve with it, why nature is important to him and why he finds insect smells "between vomit and gummy bears" exciting.

Quotes from influencer R. from the podcast:

People have sent me so many pictures of how they pull out their thujas, how they tear out their forsythia, how they plant sal willows, how they plant cornelian cherries, how they plant dogwoods, how they plant red dogwoods, and so on and so forth.

So that took me badly, exaggeratedly emotionally, that I really, I really had the feeling for the first time in my life that I was creating added value and that I was somehow doing something socially.

And if I keep talking I have to cry again, because that was or that is, I still get it today, just today someone tore out his huge lilac and yes, that's so awesome, that's mega fun and that's also one of the reasons why I do this at all.

ARD Audiothek, Medienportal MUNDO (Educational Media Library of the Federal States)

Deutschlandfunk Nova

Podcast: Cherry Laurel and Co - When Garden Plants Become a Problem

Quote from Radio ARD

Influencer R.:

The cherry laurel is, well, I can't think of anything to do with how you can plant it at all, honestly, because it's brutally poisonous, even so poisonous that you can't even compost it, because it decays and when it decays, it releases its toxins into the soil, which in turn poisons earthworms. So that's kind of cross-poisoning. (...)

Presenter:

So you hate the stuff [cherry laurel] like the plague, yes it's very easy to hear.

Influencer R.:

Yes, you could say so. (...)

Thuja is also pointless, but at least it does not spread invasively. Well, it's also toxic to contact, so it can also lead to a rash and isn't caterpillar food for any mite for any butterfly, so it's just standing around ...

Presenter:

And then your verdict is as tough as nails: Just like in Switzerland: ban cherry laurel and summer lilac here in Germany?

Influencer R.:

Yes. I would add a lot more to the list. We have a few other plants on the list. But I would add a lot more to the list and, above all, I would demand that people remove them from gardens.

This podcast is recommended and available for download on the Internet at <https://mundo.schule>, the educational media library of the federal states, for lessons in grades 5 to 13.

An influencer's hatred of non-native plants such as forsythia, cherry laurel and thuja and the falsehoods he spreads influence millions of students.

A person who is moved to tears when non-native plants are destroyed, finds this "awesome" and comments on it with "it's mega fun", is conveyed to students as a scientifically competent person and role model.

The ideology of botanical xenophobia with its falsehoods is finding its way into millions of children's souls.

This "expert" doesn't even stop at the potato: it's number 6 of the plants he presents on Instagram under the heading "Plants I hate". He points out that the potato is "Poisonous Plant of the Year 2022" and that there is no "ecological entanglement". Under [the www.floraweb.de](http://www.floraweb.de) of the Federal Agency for Nature Conservation, 11 species of butterflies are listed, whose caterpillars feed on the potato.

Church Quotes

Ecocide as the preservation of creation,
Quotes from the ecclesiastical environment:

"Preserving creation together: Native shrubs and perennials were planted in the green spaces around the Protestant church in Hochwang and exotic plants were removed."

Evangelical magazine Chrismon: "Cherry laurel, thuja and loquat are useless for nature."

Chrismon: "But what do many German gardens look like? ... Exotic woody plants that insects and birds can't do anything with. Especially thuja and cherry laurel..."

Initiative "Blooming Church Gardens": "Not all flowers are the same - most insects have nothing to do with exotic woody plants such as cherry laurel ..."

Community letter: "Avoid exotic plants such as thuja and cherry laurel, which are of no interest to insects."

Bremen Church: "Domestic instead of exotic. Cherry laurel hedges are a highly toxic, ecological plague."

"Der Grüne Gockel" ("The Green Rooster"): "When planting ... abstain from American thuja, cherry laurel and forsythia, which do not provide food for insects ..."

Specially trained "creation ambassadors" carry out "biodiversity checks" on church properties.

Association of German Cities Quotes

Biodiversity, discussion paper of the Association of German Cities:

"Causes of biodiversity decline:
... high proportion of non-native species on municipal and private land"

"Replacement of unnatural plantings with native, insect-promoting woody plants and perennials",

"Extensive renunciation of non-native species in public green spaces ..."

"Implementation and control of urban biodiversity-relevant statutes (tree protection, dog leashes, front garden, climate, dirt roads, green space statutes, open space design statutes and much more)"

Demand: "Understand environmental education as a municipal task (create offers for schools and kindergartens as well as adult education)", "... university training of spatial and urban planners ..."

'Creation of a legal basis ... on the establishment of a municipal statute for near-natural gardens and support for cities in regulatory enforcement"

"For a funding programme to equip cities with sufficient staff for the implementation of necessary measures (biodiversity manager) ..."

States Quotes 1

Ecocide at the state level:

The State Nature Conservation Commissioner for Schleswig-Holstein:

"Other causes can be seen in our home gardens, which sometimes ... ecologically dead are due to ... hedges with imported shrubs ...", "Countermeasures include: green space plans to ensure planting of land ..."

Schleswig-Holstein State Office for Agriculture, Environment and Rural Areas:

"... Ground cover with mulch and shredded material, exotic ornamental shrubs ... do not provide a habitat for insects or songbirds"

Lower Nature Conservation Authority Ostholstein:

Bamboos in a tree nursery are seen as an intervention in the landscape and are subject to compensation.

States Quotes 2

Government of Upper Franconia - Higher Nature Conservation Authority:

"However: ... exotic woody plants, ... and arborvitae hedges look equally green, equally boring, species-poor and arbitrary all year round. And from the point of view of the native flora and fauna, they can even be described as ecological deserts."

Bavarian State Ministry for the Environment and Consumer Protection:

"In the course of evolution, native insects have adapted exclusively to native plants as a food source and habitat."

Ministry of the Environment, Climate Protection and the Energy Sector and Ministry of Rural Affairs and Consumer Protection Baden-Württemberg:

"Key points for the protection of insects in Baden-Württemberg as a further development of the draft law "Save the bees" ... The existing ban on sealing (this applies in particular to gravel gardens) and the possibility of implementing design

requirements in development plans (e.g. the obligation to plant native plants) will be expanded and the state will take measures to eliminate the existing implementation deficit."

Monitoring Quotes

Monitoring the implementation of ecocide:

Gmünder Tagespost:

"During a "parlour passage" through private gardens in Gmünd's new development areas, the city checks whether property owners are adhering to the planting requirement. If not, there is a risk of fines."

... "We don't say where we control", ...

Drone flights, Friedrich Schiller University Jena:

"In cooperation with the Thuringian Institute for Sustainability and Climate Protection GmbH (ThINK), drone flights are also being carried out in the gardens to determine the potential of remote sensing methods for surveying diversity in private gardens."

EU Quotes

The European Union EU, quotes:

EU, Manuscript "Restoring Nature":

"... The Strategy calls on the Commission to put forward a proposal for legally binding EU nature restoration targets ..."

"Typical restoration measures ... Urban ecosystems: ... remove alien species."

(Author's note: Yes, you read that right, it is proposed to destroy non-native plant life!)

EU Biodiversity Strategy for 2030:

"The Commission will seek to improve compliance by working closely with Member States and European networks of environmental agencies, inspectors, auditors, police, prosecutors and judges."

"In addition, the Commission will support the role of civil society as a monitoring body for compliance and will work with Member States to improve access for individuals and NGOs to national courts in environmental matters."

European Platform for Urban Greening:

"This includes workshops in areas such as biodiversity in the garden, explaining the benefits of a diversity of 100% native plant species..."

Poisonous plants and crops

Of poisonous plants and crops:

In order to damage the reputation of non-native plants, no one will shy away from anything:

For example, it is pointed out that cherry laurel was named poisonous plant of the year in 2013.

This, of course, evokes the association among outsiders that many people have suffered harm from this plant, but this is not the case.

In 2022, the non-domestic potato was caught in the election, in 2023, the non-native parsley.

Here is an excerpt of non-native crops:

Sunflower: origin North and Central America, party logo of the Greens,

Potato: Origin South America,

Tomato: Origin Central America,

Cultivated apple: Origin Kazakhstan, came via the Silk Road,

Sweet cherry: origin Turkey, from the 16th century in Germany,

Rapeseed: Origin Eastern Mediterranean,

Parsley: Origin North African Mediterranean countries,

Peppers: Origin Central and South America,

Onion: Origin probably Central Asia,

Fennel: Origin Egypt,

Mediterranean herbs and tropical fruits ... Virtually all of the crops we use are non-native or have been heavily altered by breeding over time.

Non-native plants are a cultural enrichment.

If you want to ban non-native plants, you should refrain from eating non-native plants, anything else would be inconsistent and implausible.

According to ideology, the cultivation of non-native plants harms biodiversity.

Cultural aspect

A garden culture that has grown over centuries is in danger of being extinguished.

Quote from the "Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions" UN General Conference in Paris in 2005:

'Recognising the need to take measures to protect the diversity of cultural expressions, including their content, in particular in situations where cultural expressions are likely to be at risk of extinction or serious harm;'

Recently, there have been many activities in the field of coming to terms with the colonial past and National Socialism. So far, it has been ignored that German nature conservation also has its roots in the Third Reich. A corresponding reappraisal under the aspect of whether thought patterns from this period are the cause of the current botanical xenophobia would be welcome.

Reality: Images of insects on non-native plants

The Bamboo Community, Wasps:



The Bamboo Community:



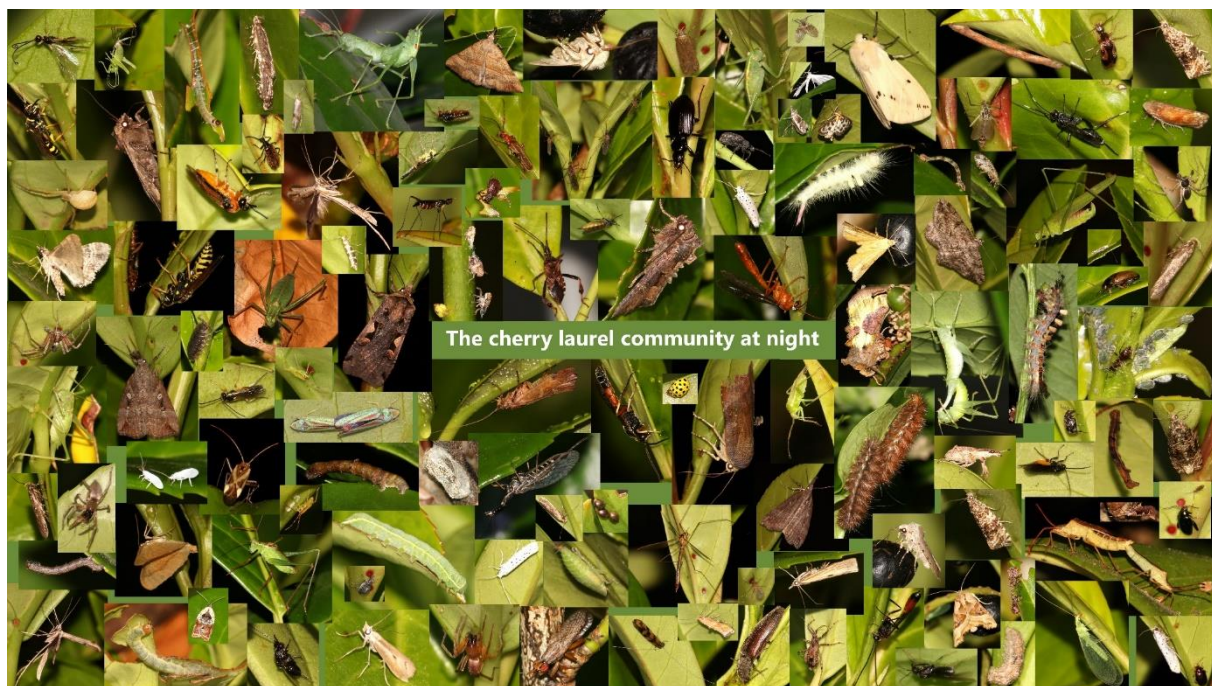
Zooming into the wonderful world of the bamboo community:



Here is the cherry laurel community during the day:



Here is the cherry laurel community at night:



The Thuja Community:



For more information, see
<https://www.german-ecocide.de>



The movie:

"Gusovius Insect Study", Facts versus Fake News, German Ecocide

The link to the Youtube channel:

<https://www.youtube.com/@SvenGusovius>



Petition:

"Stop the ban and destruction of non-native plants":

https://www.change.org/Insektenstudie_Gusovius



Yours sincerely,

Sven Gusovius

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